



# Safety Data Sheet

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## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### Dyna-Plex 21C Hone-Eze 2153

Product Type: Liquid

Product Code: 14824

Miller Industrial Fluids, A PetroChoice Company

1751 W. Raymond Street

Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

Website: [www.petrochoice.com](http://www.petrochoice.com)

1-317-634-7300 Telephone

1-800-424-9300 US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Island - Emergency telephone (CHEMTREC)

+1-703-527-3887 International / Maritime Emergency telephone (CHEMTREC)

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### OSHA/HCS Status:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture:** Skin Sensitization - Category 1  
Aspiration Hazard – Category 1

### GHS Label Elements

#### Hazard Pictogram:



**Signal Word:** DANGER

**Hazard Statement:** H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Precautionary Statements

- General:** Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention:** Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response:** IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- Storage:** Store locked up.
- Disposal:** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Other Hazards:** None known

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## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Chemical Name:** None  
**Formula:** Mixture  
**Other means of identification:** None  
**CAS Number/other identifiers:** Not applicable

Component	CAS Number	Concentration %
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	60-100
Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized	68515-88-8	0.1-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## **Skin contact**

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## **Ingestion**

Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

## **Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed:**

### **Potential acute health effects**

**Eye Contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin Contact:** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye Contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin Contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

**Ingestion:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

## **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:**

**Notes to physician:** Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments:** No specific treatment

**Protection of first-aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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## **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

None known.

### **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

### **Hazardous thermal decomposition products:**

No specific data.

## **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

No special measures are required.

## **Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

#### **For non-emergency personnel**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### **For emergency responders**

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

#### **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### **Large spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Component	Exposure Limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection:

**Hand protection:** Recommended: Oil impervious gloves.

**Body protection:** Recommended: Oil impermeable apron.

**Other skin protection:** Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Amber

**Physical state:** Liquid

**Odor:** Petroleum

**Odor Threshold:** Not available

**pH:** Not available

**Melting point/freezing point:** Not available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range:** >270°C (>518°F)

**Flash point (Cleveland Open Cup):** >115.56°C (>240°F)

**Evaporation rate:** Not available

**Flammability (solid, gas):** Not available

**Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits:** Lower: 0.9%; Upper: 7%

**Vapor pressure:** <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

**Vapor density:** >1 [Air = 1]

**Relative density:** 0.9

**Solubility:** Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

**Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):** Not available

**Auto-ignition Temperature:** >260°C (>500°F)

**Decomposition Temperature:** Not available

**Viscosity:** Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): ~0.0 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (4.5 cSt)

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability:** The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** No specific data.

**Incompatible materials:** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### Acute Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2170 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3641 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µL	-

**Sensitization:** There is no data available

**Carcinogenicity:** There is no data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure):** There is no data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure):** There is no data available

#### Aspiration Hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:** Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact:** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eye contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

**Ingestion:** Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure****Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Long-term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential chronic health effects:**

**General:** Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates:** There is no data available.



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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	EC50 >3200 mg/L WAF	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	LC50 >3200 mg/L WAF	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa	48 hours
	LC50 >1800 mg/L WAF	Fish - Scophthalmus maximus - Embryo	96 hours
	NOEC 3200 mg/L WAF	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	NOEC 3200 mg/L WAF	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa	48 hours
	NOEC 1800 mg/L WAF	Fish - Scophthalmus maximus - Embryo	96 hours

**Persistence and degradability:** There is no data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential:** There is no data available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ):** Not available

**Other adverse effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packaging group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Not available

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### U.S. Federal Regulations:

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Clean Air Action Section 112:** Not listed

**(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**

**Clean Air Act Section 602: Class I Substances** Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602: Class II Substances** Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals: (Precursor Chemicals)** Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals: (Essential Chemicals)** Not listed

### SARA 302/304

**Composition/information on ingredients:** No products were found

**SARA 304 RQ:** Not applicable

### SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

**Classification:** Immediate (acute) health hazard.

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Pentene, 2,4,4-trimethyl-, sulfurized	0.1-1	No	No	No	Yes	No

## State Regulations

**Massachusetts:** The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

**New York:** None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey:** The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

**Pennsylvania:** None of the components are listed.

**California Proposition 65:** No products were found.

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Key Abbreviations:

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

The information and recommendations contained within this document are believed by PetroChoice to be accurate and reliable as of the date prepared. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and analysis and in no way guarantee the chemical specifications for the specified product. It is solely the responsibility of the user to determine safe conditions for use of this product and to assume liability for any loss, damage or expense arising out of the product's improper use. The user should consider the information in this document in the context of how the selected product will be handled and used in conjunction with other products. It is the user's responsibility to determine that the product is suitable for the intended use.

Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to all handlers and users. PetroChoice assumes no responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices within this document.

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